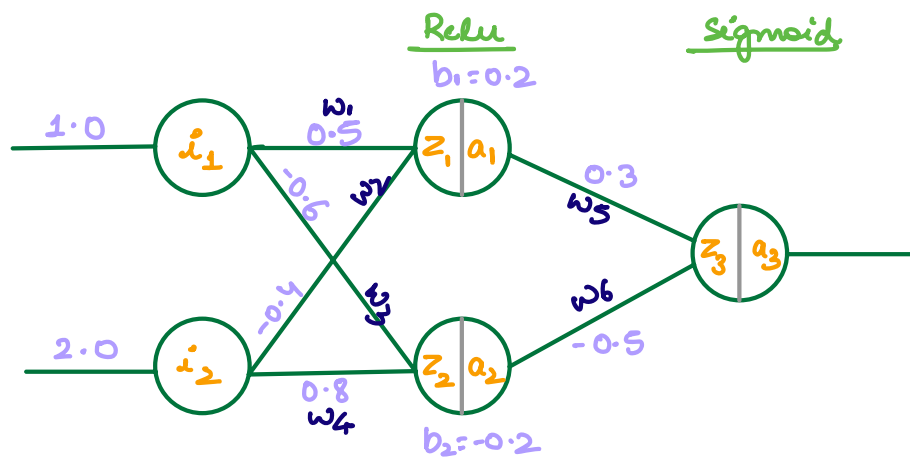


4. Answer any TWO of the followings

- [a] Consider a two-layer neural network used for binary classification. The network has an input layer with 2 neurons, a hidden layer with 2 neurons, and an output layer with 1 neuron. The activation function for the hidden layer is ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit), and for the output layer, it's a sigmoid function. The network is trained using the binary cross-entropy loss function and stochastic gradient descent (SGD) with a learning rate of 0.01. The initial weights and biases are as follows: Weights from input to hidden layer:  $W_1 = [[0.5, -0.6], [-0.4, 0.8]]$ , Bias for hidden layer:  $b_1 = [0.2, -0.2]$ , Weights from hidden to output layer:  $W_2 = [0.3, -0.5]$ , Bias for output layer:  $b_2 = 0$ . Consider the network is trained with a single training sample ( $X = [1.0, 2.0]$ ,  $Y = 0$ ). Perform the forward pass to calculate activations at hidden layer and output layer, and then compute the loss. [4] [CO2]
- [b] Consider the neural network in 4[a] again and perform the backpropagation to update the weights and biases. Calculate the updated weights  $W_1, W_2$ , and biases  $b_1, b_2$  after one iteration. Show your calculations for the forward pass, loss calculation, and backpropagation steps. [4] [CO2]



$$z_1 = i_1 w_1 + i_2 w_2 + b_1 = 1 * 0.5 + 2 * (-0.6) + 0.2 = -0.1$$

$$a_1 = \text{Relu}(z_1) = 0$$

$$z_2 = i_1 w_3 + i_2 w_4 + b_2$$

$$= 1 * (-0.4) + 2 * (0.8) - 0.2 = 0.8$$

$$a_2 = \text{Relu}(z_2) = 0.8$$

$$z_3 = a_1 w_5 + a_2 w_6 = 0 * 0.3 + 0.8 * (-0.5) = -0.4$$

$$\text{Relu}(z_1) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ z_1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Sigmoid}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$a_3 = \text{Sigmoid}(z_3) = \text{Sigmoid}(-0.4) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{0.4}} = 0.401$$

loss fn<sup>n</sup> being used here is Binary Cross Entropy.

$$BCE = -\sum_{i=1}^m \left( y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)} + (1-y^{(i)}) \log (1-\hat{y}^{(i)}) \right)$$

Since there is only one example in question, so  $m=1$   
we use 'J' to represent loss.

$$\begin{aligned} J &= -(y \log \hat{y} + (1-y) \log (1-\hat{y})) \\ &= -(0 \cdot \log 0.401 + (1-0) \log (1-0.401)) \\ &= -\log 0.599 = 0.2225 \end{aligned}$$

$\hat{y}$  is actually the output from the output layer i.e.  $a_3$   
 $\hat{y} = a_3$

## Backpropagation

$$\ast \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_5} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3}}_{(1)} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3}}_{(2)} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial w_5}}_{(3)}$$

①  $\frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} ?$

$$J = -(y \log \hat{y} + (1-y) \log (1-\hat{y}))$$

$a_3$  is actually  $\hat{y}$

so,  $J = -(y \log a_3 + (1-y) \log (1-a_3))$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} = -\left( \frac{y}{a_3} - \frac{(1-y)}{(1-a_3)} \right) = -\left[ \frac{y(1-a_3) - a_3(1-y)}{a_3(1-a_3)} \right]$$

$$= -\left[ \frac{y - y/a_3 - a_3 + y a_3 / a_3}{a_3(1-a_3)} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} = \frac{a_3 - y}{a_3(1-a_3)}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} ?$$

$$a_3 = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z_3}}$$

$$\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} = (a_3)(1-a_3)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial \omega_5}$$

$$z_3 = a_1 \omega_5 + a_2 \omega_6$$

$$\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial \omega_5} = a_1$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_5} = \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{3}$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_3 - y}{a_3(1-a_3)}}_{\textcircled{1}} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)}_{\textcircled{2}} \underbrace{a_1}_{\textcircled{3}} = (a_3 - y)a_1$$

$$\omega_5 = \omega_5 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_5}$$

$$= \omega_5 - \eta (a_3 - y)a_1$$

$$= 0.3 - (0.01)(0.401 - 0) \cdot 0 = 0.3 \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_6} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3}}_{\textcircled{1}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3}}_{\textcircled{2}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial \omega_6}}_{\textcircled{4}}$$

$\textcircled{1}$  and  $\textcircled{2}$  will remain same, only  $\textcircled{4}$  will change

$$y = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} = (1+e^{-x})^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{-1}{(1+e^{-x})^2} (-e^{-x})$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})} \cdot \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = y(1-y)$$

Remember this

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial \omega_6} ?$$

$$z_3 = a_1 \omega_5 + a_2 \omega_6$$

$$\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial \omega_6} = a_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_6} &= \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{4} \\ &= \underbrace{\frac{a_3 - \gamma}{a_3(1-a_3)}}_{\textcircled{1}} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)}_{\textcircled{2}} \underbrace{a_2}_{\textcircled{4}} = (a_3 - \gamma) a_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\omega_6 = \omega_6 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_6}$$

$$= \omega_6 - \eta (a_3 - \gamma) a_2$$

$$= -0.5 - (0.01)(0.401 - 0)(0.8) = -0.5032 \checkmark$$

$$\star \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_1}$$

$$= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_1}$$

$$= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} \cdot \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_1}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{5} \quad \textcircled{6} \quad \textcircled{7}$$

already calculated

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} ?$$

$$z_3 = a_1 \omega_5 + a_2 \omega_6$$

$$\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} = w_5$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} ?$$

$$a_1 = \text{Relu}(z_1) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ z_1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} ?$$

$$z_1 = i_1 w_1 + i_2 w_2 + b_1$$

$$\frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} = i_1$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{5} \textcircled{6} \textcircled{7}$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_3 - y}{a_3(1-a_3)}}_{\textcircled{1}} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)}_{\textcircled{2}} \underbrace{w_5}_{\textcircled{5}} \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{matrix}}_{\textcircled{6}} \underbrace{i_1}_{\textcircled{7}}$$

$$= (a_3 - y)(w_5) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{pmatrix} (i_1)$$

$$= (0.401 - 0)(0.3)(0)(1.0) = 0$$

$$w_1 = w_1 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1}$$

$$= 0.5 - (0.01)(0) = 0.5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_2} &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_2} \\
 &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_2} \\
 &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} \cdot \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_2} \\
 &\quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{5} \quad \textcircled{6} \quad \textcircled{8} \\
 &\quad \underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\text{same as previous}}
 \end{aligned}$$

⑧  $\frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_2} ?$

$$z_1 = i_1 \omega_1 + i_2 \omega_2 + b_1$$

$$\frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \omega_2} = i_2$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_2} = \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{5} \textcircled{6} \textcircled{8}$$

$$= \frac{a_3 - \gamma}{a_3(1-a_3)} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)} \underbrace{\omega_5} \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{matrix}} \underbrace{i_2}$$

$$= (a_3 - \gamma) (\omega_5) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{if } z_1 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_1 > 0 \end{pmatrix} (i_2)$$

$$= (0.401 - 0) (0.3) (0) (2.0) = 0$$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_2 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_2}$$

$$= -0.4 - (0.01)(0) = -0.4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 * \quad \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_3} &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_3} \\
 &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_3} \\
 &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} \cdot \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_3} \\
 &\quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{9} \quad \textcircled{10} \quad \textcircled{11} \\
 &\quad \text{already} \\
 &\quad \text{calculated}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} ?$$

$$z_3 = a_1 \omega_5 + a_2 \omega_6$$

$$\frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} = \omega_6$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} ?$$

$$a_2 = \text{Relu}(z_2) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ z_2 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_3} ?$$

$$z_2 = i_1 \omega_3 + i_2 \omega_4 + b_2$$

$$\frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_3} = i_1$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_3} = \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{9} \textcircled{10} \textcircled{11}$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_3 - y}{a_3(1-a_3)}}_{\textcircled{1}} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)}_{\textcircled{2}} \underbrace{\omega_6}_{\textcircled{9}} \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{matrix}}_{\textcircled{10}} \underbrace{i_1}_{\textcircled{11}}$$

$$= (a_3 - y) (\omega_6) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{pmatrix} (i_1)$$

$$= (0.401 - 0) (-0.5) (1) (1) = -0.2005$$

$$\omega_3 = \omega_3 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_3}$$

$$= -0.6 - (0.01)(-0.2005) = -0.6 + 0.002005 = -0.597 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} * \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_4} &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_4} \\ &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_4} \\ &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial a_3} \cdot \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial z_3} \cdot \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_2} \cdot \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_4} \\ &\quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{9} \quad \textcircled{10} \quad \textcircled{12} \\ &\quad \underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\text{Same as earlier}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_4} ?$$

$$z_2 = i_1 \omega_3 + i_2 \omega_4 + b_2$$

$$\frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \omega_4} = i_2$$



$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_4} = (1) (2) (9) (10) (12)$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_3 - y}{a_3(1-a_3)}}_{(9)} \underbrace{(a_3)(1-a_3)}_{(10)} \underbrace{\omega_6}_{(12)} \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{matrix}}_{(2)} \underbrace{i_2}_{(1)}$$

$$= (a_3 - y) (\omega_6) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{if } z_2 \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } z_2 > 0 \end{pmatrix} (i_2)$$

$$= (0.401 - 0) (-0.5) (1) (2) = -0.401$$

$$\omega_4 = \omega_4 - \eta \frac{\partial J}{\partial \omega_4}$$

$$= 0.8 - (0.01)(-0.401) = 0.8 + 0.00401 = 0.80401$$



Reference Link : <https://mattmazur.com/2015/03/17/a-step-by-step-backpropagation-example/>